# COACHING THE FEMALE ATHLETE

HELEN CLITHEROE

## ACHIEVEMENTS

- Commonwealth Bronze medal 1500m
- •European Indoor Gold medal 3000m
- Double Olympian
- •53 GB representative honours
- •Competed at 5 Commonwealth Games
- •Competed at 5 World athletics championships and 4 European champs
- •World and euro indoor champs.
- •Competed at 8 world cross country and 9 European cross country championships
- •Held British Record for 3000m steeplechase 2008-2012
- •Captained the England commonwealth team and GB track and field team.

PERSONAL BESTS 1500m 4.01.10 3000m 8.39.9 3000m s/c 9.29 5000m 15.06.75 10000m 32.11.29 10k 31.45 HM 70.57



## COACHING

CURRENTLY
ASSISTANT COACH AT LEEDS HUB
STEEPLECHASE COORDINATOR EA
EXPERIENCE:
GB TEAM COACH AT WORLD & EUROPEAN XC
ENGLAND ENDURANCE COACH - COMMONWEALTH GAMES 2018
GB JUNIOR COACH - EUROPEAN TRACK CHAMPS
GB COACH - WORLD HALF MARATHON
GB COACH EUROPEAN 10000M



## MYATHLETE EXPERIENCE

- CLUB ATHLETICS SINCE AGE 11
- COUNTY LEVEL ATHLETE
- ENGLISH SCHOOLS
- LATE DEVELOPER PLATEAU
- FIRST GB VEST AGED 24
- CONSISTENCY
- TRACK XC ROAD
- COACHES JERRY HARRIES, JOHN NUTTALL









Transition from club runner to GB international Playing the long game!

# COACHING THE INDIVIDUAL

## FEMALE ATHLETE CHALLENGES

Puberty

**Periods** Regular Irregular Loss of period

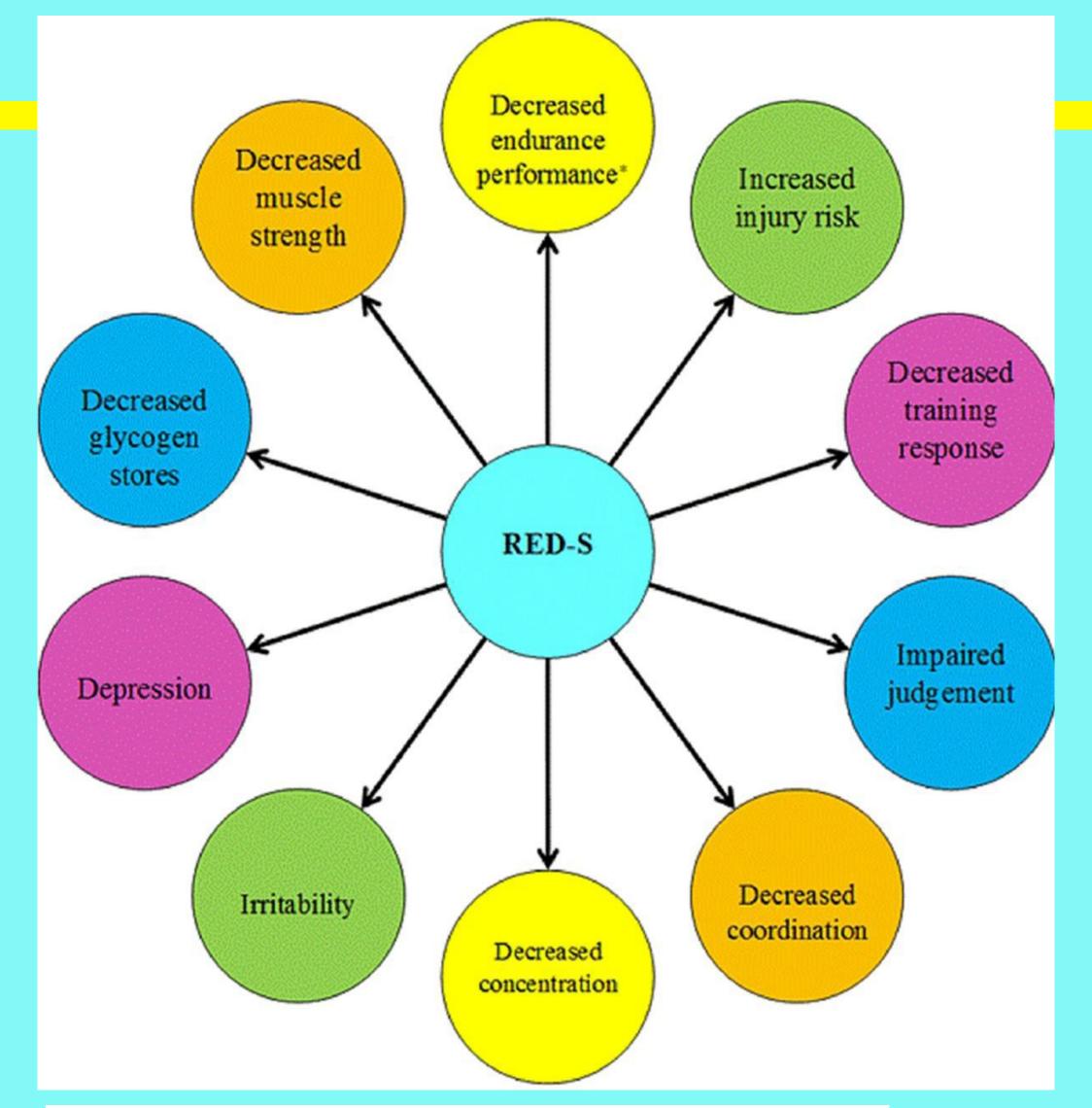
Body shape

// All the state of the state of

Eating Exercise Obsession

RED-S





#### The IOC relative energy deficiency in sport clinical assessment tool (RED-S CAT) FREE

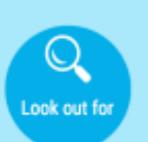
- Margo Mountjoy<sup>1</sup>, Jorunn Sundgot-Borgen<sup>2</sup>, Louise Burke<sup>3</sup>, Susan Carter<sup>4</sup>, Naama Constantini<sup>5</sup>, Constance Lebrun<sup>6</sup>, Nanna Meyer<sup>7</sup>, Roberta Sherman<sup>8</sup>, Kathrin Steffen<sup>2,9</sup>, Richard Budgett<sup>9</sup>, Arne Ljungqvist<sup>9</sup>, Kathryn Ackerman<sup>10</sup>
- Correspondence to Margo Mountjoy, Department of Family Medicine, Michael G. DeGroote School of Medicine, McMaster University, Hamilton, Ontario, Canada; mmsportdoc@mcmaster.ca4444

### Relative energy deficiency in sport

### What is it?

A condition of energy deficiency with adverse effects on all bodily systems, which can seriously compromise long term health and performance. It affects both male & female athletes and dancers who do not fuel adequately, either intentionally or unintentionally.

#### What to do?



- Perfectionist tendencies
- Disordered/restricted eating
- Frequent injury/niggles Illness
- Menstrual dysfunction in females

#### Are you...



- Overtraining?
- Fuelling adequately?
- Having regular rest days?



- GP needs to rule out other medical conditions
- GP can refer on to specialist RED-S services



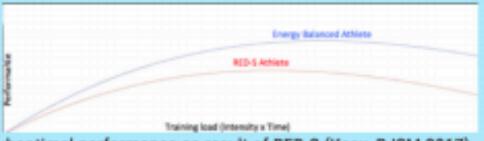




Health4Performance

### Why it matters so much

1. Growth and development 2. Health and wellbeing 3. Performance



Suboptimal performance as result of RED-S (Keay, BJSM 2017)

#### Be aware that higher prevalence of disordered 20%

eating in athletes versus non athletes (BJSEM 2016)

#### The female athlete

- Regular menstrual cycle is a barometer of hormone health
- Not starting periods by age 16 or not having periods for >6 months requires medical investigation
- Oral contraceptive pill (OCP) can mask hormonal problems without providing bone protection or addressing underlying cause
- OCP as a contraceptive choice needs to be an informed decision by the athlete

Functional Hypothalamic Amenorrhea: An Endocrine Society Clinical Practice Guideline (Gordon et al, Journal of clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism 2017)

## INJURY RISK

Anecdotally

**Higher risk of:** 

Stress fractures-bone issues

Shin Splints- (medial tibial stress syndrome)

Runners Knee (Patellfemoral pain)

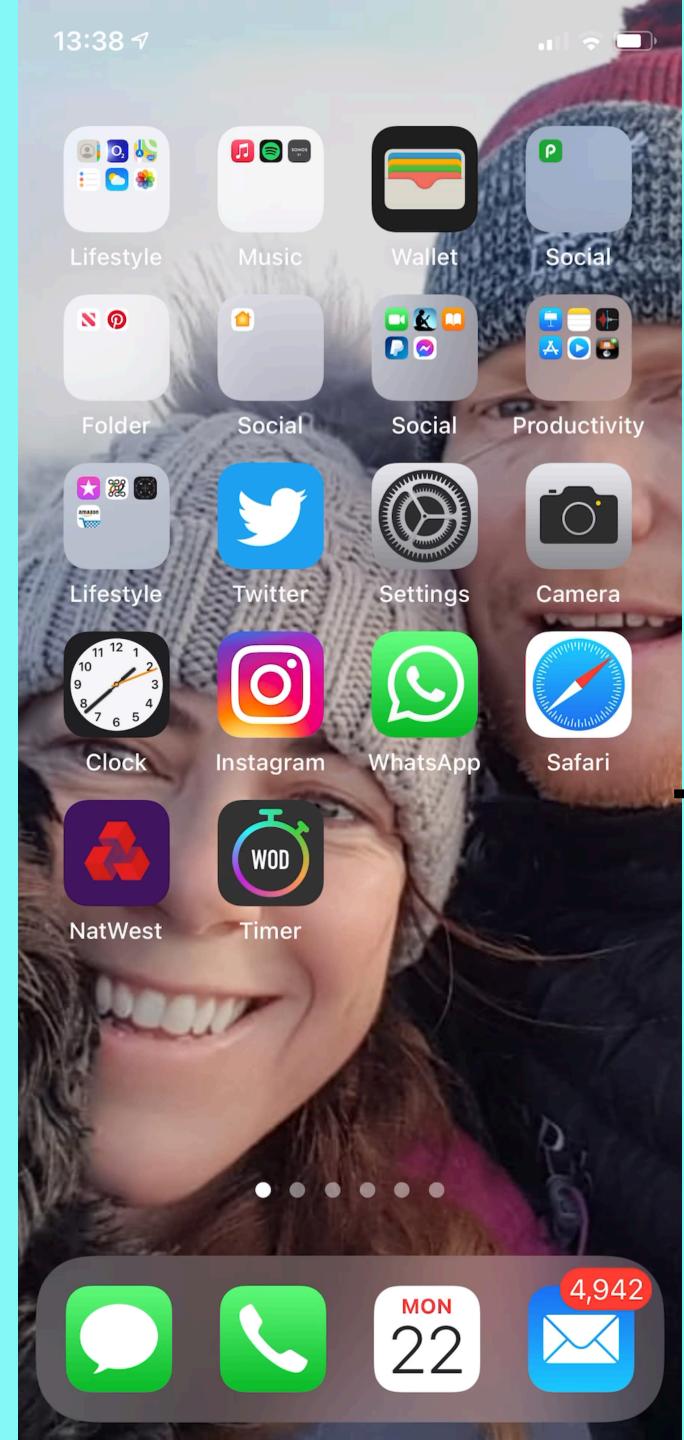
Adapting to changes post puberty and growth spurts
Importance of S & C
Nutrition
Recovery



## A lot of athletes do have a healthy regular cycle!

#### **HOW DO WE DEAL WITH IT?**

- PERIOD TRACKING
- COMMUNICATING WITH COACH
- CONTRACEPTION

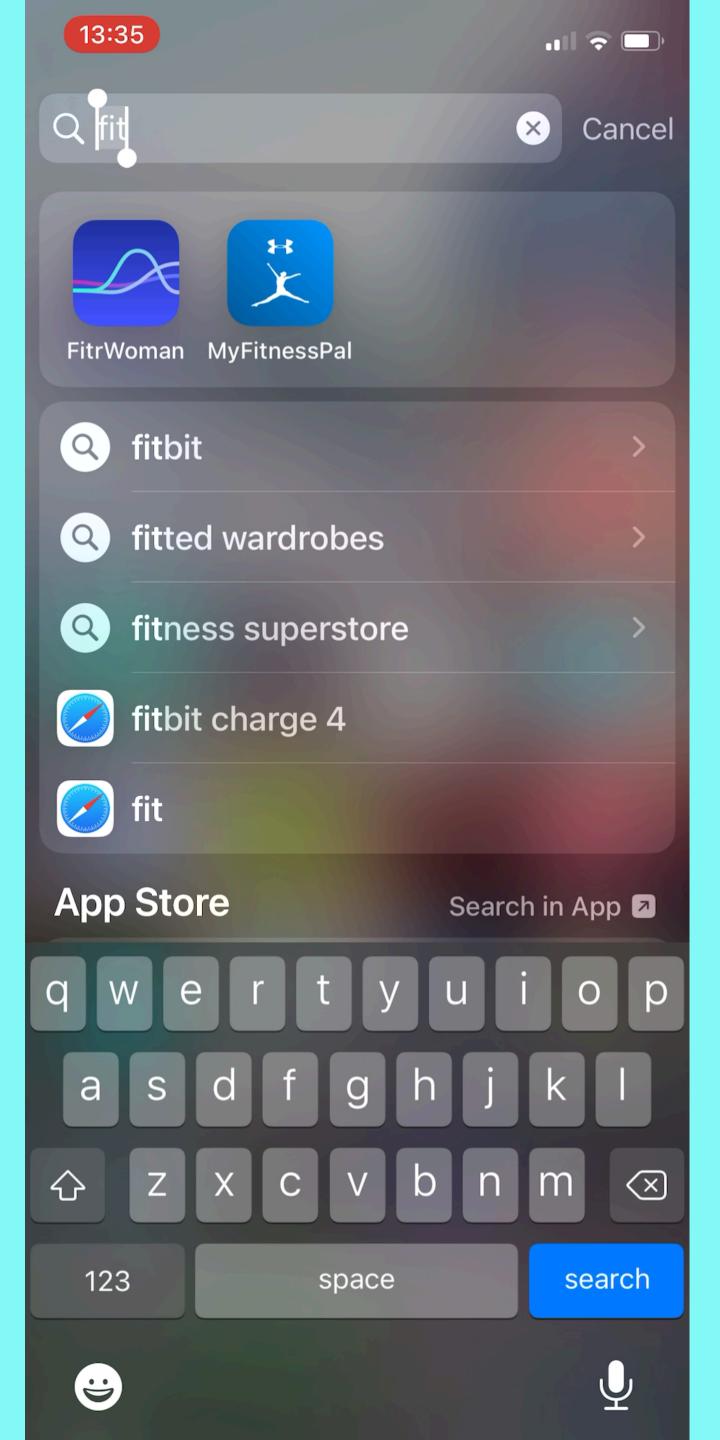


### **GARMIN CONNECT**

COACH HAS ACCESS
TO ATHLETE ACCOUNT

## Communicate with coach

Diary/Training Peaks



### FitRWoman app

## BODYIMAGE

#### **HOW AN ATHLETE PERCEIVES THEMSELVES**

- Endurance athletes are different sizes and shapes
- No typical body shape- especially in middle distance
- Language used
- SOCIAL MEDIA

The reaction to this race



**britishathletics** "In 2011, 2012, there was a lot of press leading into the home Olympics. I got a lot of criticism about the way I looked, especially around my body weight. At one point, if you Googled my name, one of the top links just said "Holly Bleasdale fat".

There were a lot of people saying how I didn't look like the other athletes, so I was clearly never going to make it. When I jumped to third all-time ever in the world, I was still branded as overweight, and with too much puppy fat and I'm like 'I just jumped the third highest ever!' If that doesn't show you that what you look like from the outside doesn't matter, then I don't know what does, but as a 20 year old it's hard to truly believe this when it's all everyone is talking about.

I'm not one of these people who can say "I don't care what people think of me". I do care. It's actually created a lot of challenges for me throughout my life in terms of mental health. And that's another reason why I try to promote and raise awareness for that in younger athletes. I think it's even worse now for them with the ease of criticism through the likes of Instagram and Twitter. It really wasn't a thing when I was that young, and I dread to think what I would have been thinking and looking at had it been around then.

I just find it so sad when I've had, you know, 11, 12 year old girls come up to me and say "I want to quit because I don't look good and I don't want to be in a crop top on TV".

And I can relate to that. The reason, the sole reason, why I wear a onesie now is because of the issues I had as a younger athlete with body image. There's no way I'll ever show my stomach on TV. No way. There's no reason why I shouldn't, but it's driven from the challenges that I had.

I just want more girls, especially the youngsters involved in sport, to be supported through the challenges that I have. There are so many varied body types and I don't think that's celebrated enough. There is an athletics event for each and every one of our younger generation no matter what size or shape they are, and they should all be celebrated, never put down."

🙇 @hollypv | #PersonalBest

Holly Bradshaw
Speaking out about body image the effects of other people's opinion and the impact it can have



- We need to think about our language
- Having open communication
- Do we know how our athletes are feeling?
- Do we consider mental health of athletes

Send message



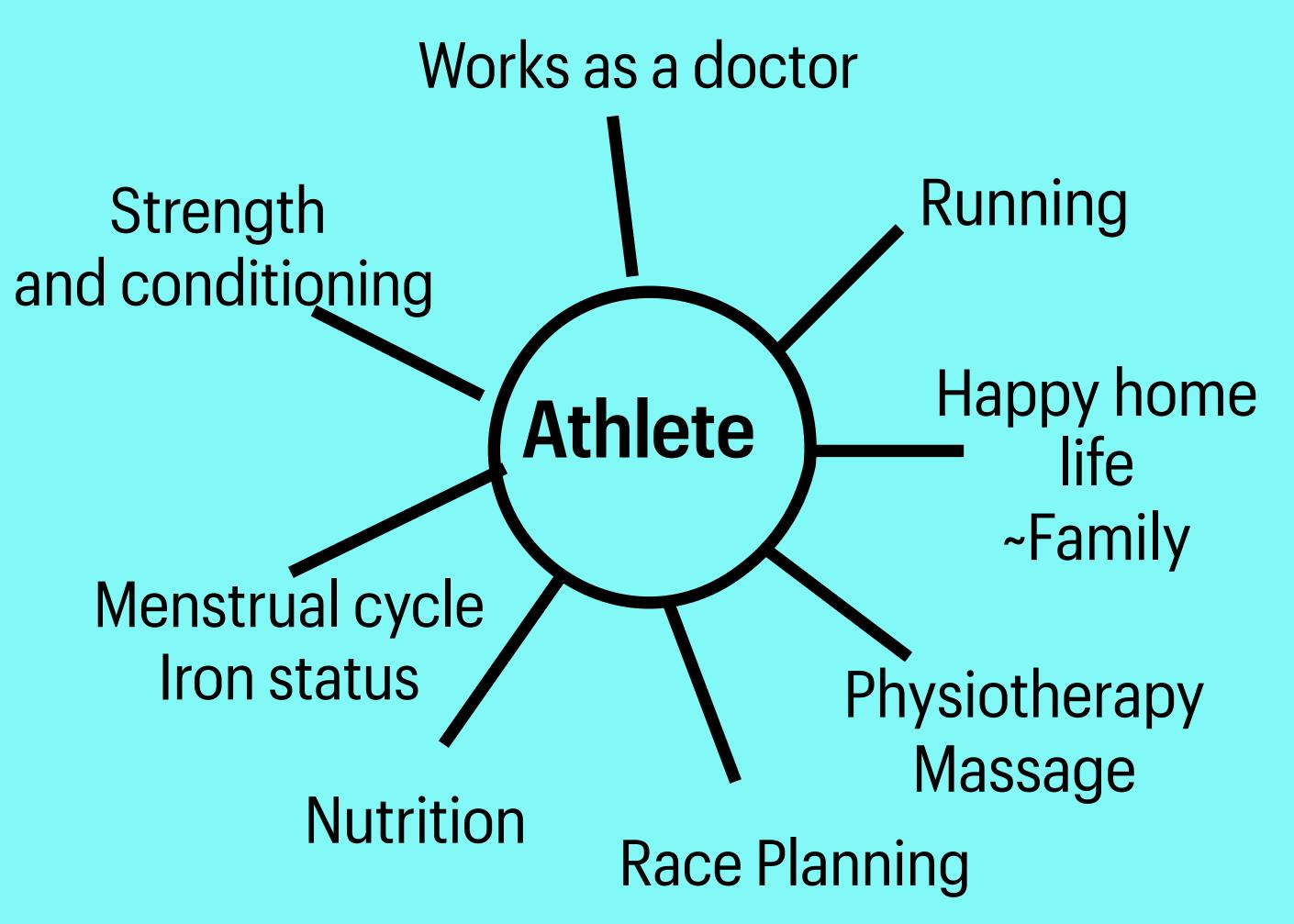
Send message



## EMOTIONALNEEDS

- Communication is key
- · How do we communicate agree a method
- Consideration to bring in a neutral party
- Life balance & Life management
- Stressors for the athlete -work, education, injury, performance
- A happy athlete is more likely to perform well







## USEFUL WEBSITES & PODCASTS

www.nickykeayfitness.com

www.health4performance.co.uk

www.reneemcgregor.com

www.trainbrave.org

**FEMALE ATHLETE PODCAST- excellent** 

**Off Track Podcast** 

**Trent Stellingwerff** 

**Gareth Sandford** 



## WHAT DO YOU DO DIFFERENTLY WHEN COACHING FEMALES COMPARED TO MALES?



'I think being conscious of, and taking an interest in them as a person, not just an athlete.

Think it creates a stronger trust and buy in with a female athlete.'

'The answer for me its a partnership (coach/athlete) the methods of coaching them is about their personality & the smaller training tweaks about what they respond to individually so no major difference there. I suppose as a coach we sometimes comparing previous responses (good and bad) of similar athletes in relation to gender so its being aware of this when beneficial & also when less relevant. Its definitely an area I'm trying to upskill myself in whether there should be physical differentials in training.

The main thing I'm conscious of with female athletes is our communication around their regular periods. Taking this into account with training planning & expectation around their window. Again making it normal to talk about & part of the dialogue'

'You can tell a lad run up this hill 10 times and they will do it but session could be hit and miss

Where as most women would want to know what pace/intensity? How should it feel? Are we looking for consistent times? Or a large drop off? Etc etc, because of the questions they often have better results from the training as they get the most out of the session!!'

'I'm generalising and there will be exceptions but mostly it's like this'

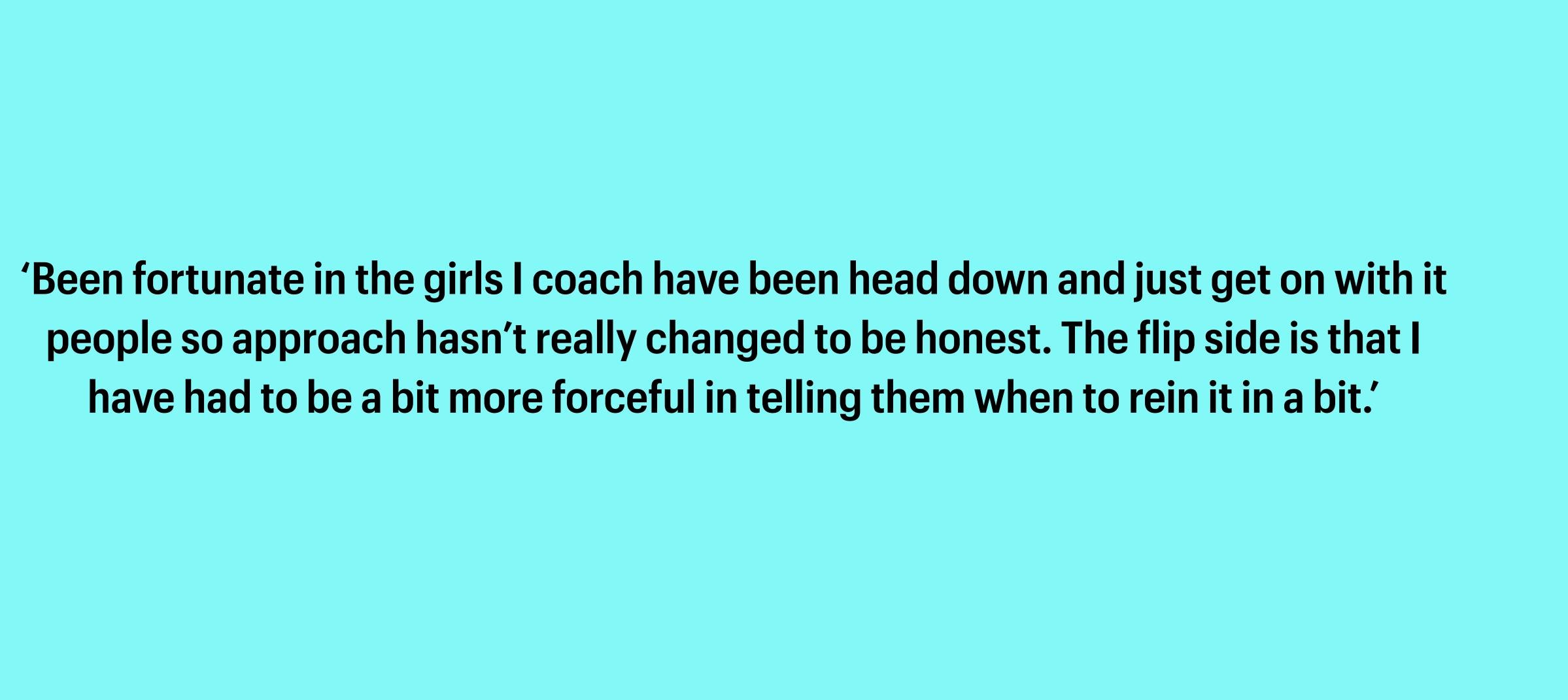
'I find women to be better planners and organisers so they have more questions in order to do this!'

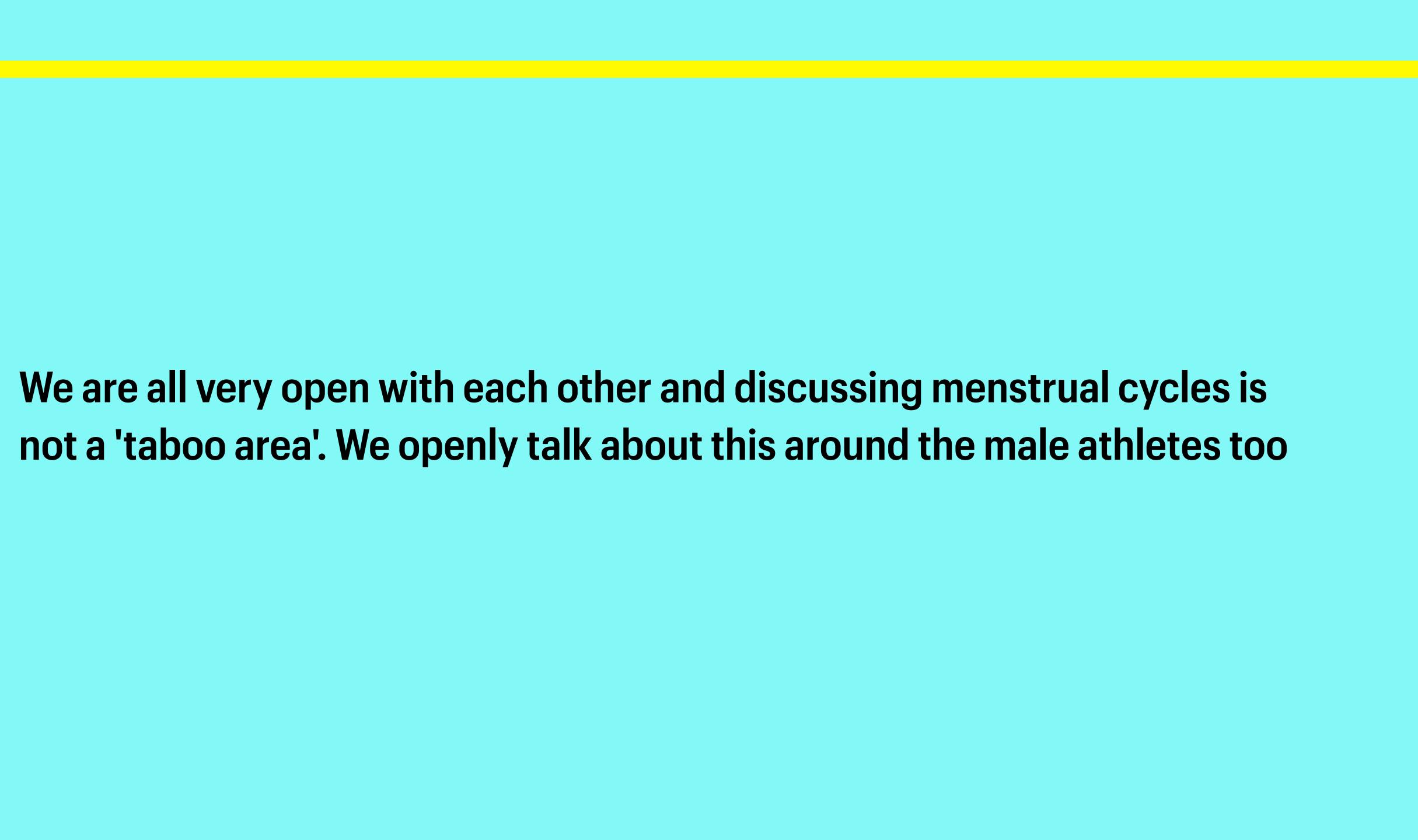
'I think it's more important to understand the individual and interact accordingly rather than based on their gender'

"I don't think I ever start out thinking this is a female athlete and I must treat them differently to male athletes.

I'm proud to coach in a sport where the biggest stars are just as likely to be female as male.

If there is a difference it is drawn out as I get to know the athlete. I hope I am informed and show awareness of the challenges encountered by female athletes in my practice. "







## QUESTIONS

Twitter @clitherbot
Instagram @clitherstherunner
hclitheroe@englandathletics.org



www.alamy.com - G52WF0